Wisc., April 13 one seen; and on April 15 two were taken. The above records would indicate that this species is a not uncommon spring migrant.— A. W. Schorger, *Madison*, *Wisc*.

The Evening Grosbeak at Portland, Maine.— I found seven Evening Grosbeaks (Hesperiphona vespertina vespertina), representing both sexes, in the Western Cemetery, Portland, early in the afternoon of April 16, 1914. It was a wintry day, and snow was falling at the time, with several inches of a fresh deposit on the ground. The birds were feeding on sumac fruit. They were easily approached but moved about with a peculiar abrupt activity, calling frequently and loudly.

Though the Evening Grosbeak is no longer a stranger in Maine, its occurrences have not been so frequent that another is without interest; and the middle of April appears to be a rather late date for it.— Nathan Clifford Brown, *Portland, Maine*.

Two Species of Cliff Swallows Nesting in Kerr County, Texas.—
The Mexican form of Cliff Swallow (Petrochelidon fulva pallida), described by Nelson, was found nesting by my collector near Japonica in Kerr County, Texas, during the month of June, 1914. He collected a series of birds and eleven sets of eggs. There was rather a large colony nesting in a cave. The entrance of this cave was like a mine shaft. The ceiling was covered with holes where the water had once eroded into the limestone rock. The Swallows nest in these holes, plastering a little mud like a balcony to hold the eggs in. A forty foot ladder was used to get up to them. The cave was poorly lighted and very damp. It was 50 feet from the floor of the cave to the ground, where the entrance was. The opening was about 8 ft. in diameter. About 10 feet down, the cave widened out into a spacious chamber. The only light was from the shaft-like entrance. To enter the birds pitched head first and diverged into the semi-dark chamber and began a detour of circles to check the impetus of their plunge.

The eggs are marked all over with fine markings of light to dark brown with a few spots of lilac.

I give the measurements of the eleven sets of eggs, in hundredths of an inch.

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77 \times 57, 77 \times 56, 81 \times 58, 75 \times 56
 2.
      81 \times 55, 78 \times 58, 77 \times 55, 77 \times 55
      83 \times 55, 81 \times 54, 73 \times 54, 73 \times 55, 78 \times 54
 4.
       76 \times 56, 81 \times 54, 84 \times 57, 75 \times 55
      80 \times 53, 77 \times 54, 85 \times 56, 78 \times 55
 5.
 6.
       76 \times 54, 80 \times 55, 81 \times 57, 81 \times 54
       78 \times 56, 76 \times 57, 79 \times 57, 77 \times 56
 7.
      76 \times 56, 76 \times 54, 79 \times 57
 8.
      82 \times 56, 81 \times 53, 85 \times 54, 83 \times 54
 9.
      77 \times 57, 77 \times 54, 83 \times 56, 76 \times 54
10.
      68 \times 54, 73 \times 55, 80 \times 55.
Averages 43 eggs 77 \times 55
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